	and the same	THE NO	RTH
COMPTROLLER'S REPORT.	4	Polis, Interest,	1,508 40 1,246 71
REPORT OF THE COMPTROLLER OF PUR COUNTS, FOR THE FISCAL YEAR END TEMBER 30, 1857.	ING SEP	Dividend and profit, Salaries and Fees, Mortgages and Deeds, Stude and Jacks,	34 38 83 36 36
(CONTINUED—NO. 6.) STATEMENT,	Tures de-	Capital in Negro Trade, Capital in other Trade, Marriage License, Pistols and Knives,	25 48 70 80
Exhibiting the valuation of real estate, and the rived from each subject of taxation in the severe of the State; also the Taxes levied by the Cour and Quarter Sessions for County purposes, as f	ts of Pleas	Gold Watches, Silver Watches, Harps,	18 75 120 73 80
No. 6.—BERTIE COUNTY. ROBERT R. TAYLOE, Sheriff. Acres Land, 346,745	77	Pianos, Piate and Jewelry, Riding Vehicles, Merchants' Capital,	45 14 349 45 408 26
Valuation Land, \$1,645,897 Town Property, STATE TAXES. Land.	\$2,463 84	hiquor Traffic, Pedlars, Retailers, Circus,	121 44 50 80 75
Town Property, Polls, Interest, Dividend and Profit,	110 78 2,245 50 1,887 40 1 44	Horse and Mule Drovers, Exhibitions for Reward, Privileged Voters.	10
Salaries and Fees, Mortgages and Deeds, Studs and Jacks,	128 42 29 54	Collateral Descent	12 \$6,704 85
Marriage License, Gates, Bridges and Ferries, Pistols and Knives, Dirks and Canes,	25 50 41 25 1 95	Poor, 1 cent per \$100 value real estate, and 10 cents per poll, County expenses, 8 do., and 29 do.,	\$406 98 2,025 75
Gold Watches, Silver Watches, Harp, Pianos,	151 25 81 50 2 50 72	Schools, 10 do., and 36 do., Total amount,	2,520 40 \$4,953 13
Plate and Jewelry, Riding Vehicles, Merchants' Capital, Liquor Traffic,	25 11 222 875 01 860 50	No. 12.—CALDWELL COUNTY. R. G. TUTTLE, Sheriff. 205,853	
Pedlars, Retailers, Taverns.	40 00 70 I0	Valuation Land, \$657,056 Town Property, \$36,263 STATE TAXES.	2 973 93
Horse and Mule Drovers, Daguerreotypists, Collateral Descent,	10 10 288 92	Town Property, Polls, Interest,	54 39 490 219 85
County Taxes. Poor, 12 cents per \$100 value real estate, and	\$8,204 40	Salaries and Fees, Mortgages and Deeds, Studs and Jacks, Marriage License,	5 12 66 82
27 cents per poll, County Expenses, 10 do. and 38 do, Schools, 4 do. and 12 do,	\$8,276 28 8,426 29 1,225 60	Pistols and Kuives, Gold Watches, Silver Watches, Pianos,	2 50 8 75 6
Total amount, No. 7.—BUNCOMBE COUNTY.	\$7,928 12	Plate and Jewelry, Riding Vehicles, Playing Cards,	2 75 21 60 4 20
G. W. HAMPTON, Sheriff. Acres Land, 325,019 Valuation Land, \$1,164,268 Town Property, \$169,250		Merchants' Capital, Liquor Traffic, Retailers, Taverns,	65 81 26 81 90 5 75
Land, Town Property, Polls,	\$1,746 89 255 87 815 50	Drugs and Medicines, Daguerreotypists, Privileged Voters, Pedlars,	41 56 10 6 50
Interest, Dividend and Profit, Salaries and Fees,	841 64 1 40 186	Total amount, County Taxes.	\$2,182 90
Mortgages and Deeds, Studs and Jacks, Capital in Trade, Marriage License,	86 120 67 95	County Expenses, 13 cents per \$100 value real estate, and 40 cents per poll, Schools, 7 do., and 20 do.,	\$1,276 81 672 17
Gates and Bridges, Pistols and Knives, Dirks and Canes, Gold Watches,	30 17 50 65 85	Total amount, No. 13.—CAMDEN COUNTY.	\$1,948 98
Silver Watches, Harp, Pianos.	29 70 2 50 86	SAMUEL M. STAPLES, Sheriff. Acres Land, 103,990 Valuation Land, \$573,733	
Riding Vehicles, Playing Cards, Merchants' Capital, Liquor Traffic,	118 87 15 05 755 06 111 41	Polls, Interest, Salaries and Fees,	666 20 896 60 85
Pedlars, Retailers, Taverns, Bowling Alley,	30 100 33 19 50	Mortgages and Deeds, Studs and Jacks, Marriage License, Gates and Bridges,	8 84 48 45 15
Insurance Company, Livery Stable, Total amount,	100 25 \$5,106 46	Pistols and Knives, Dirks and Canes, Gold Watches, Silver Watches,	8 75 65 62 50 17 70
COUNTY TAXES. Poor, 5 cents per \$100 value real estate, and		Pinnos, Plate and Jewelry, Riding Vehicles,	9 1 25 87 05
County Expenses, 5 do., and 15 do., Schools, 3 do., and 10 do., Court House, 5 do., and 15 do.,	\$912 60 912 60 608 40 912 60	Merchants' Capital, Liquor Traffic, Retailers, Taverns,	206 57 140 83 100 10
Jury, 5 do., and 15 do., Total amount,	912 60 \$4,258 80	Horse and Mule Drovers, Subjects unlisted, Total amount,	1 69 \$2,712 19
No. 8.—BLADEN COUNTY. JOHN S. WILLIS, Sheriff. Acres Land, 581,868 Valuation Land, \$929,278		COUNTY TAXES. Poor, 12 cents per \$100 value real estate, and 30 cents per poll,	
Town Property, STATE TAXES. \$21,888	\$1,393 92	County Expenses, 4 do., and 15 do, Schools, 30 do., and 70 do.,	\$1,096 48 438 49 2,657 10
Town Property, Polls, Interest, Salaries and Fees,	32 82 1,472 329 88 91 30	No. 14.—CARTERET COUNTY. GEORGE DILL, Sheriff.	\$4, 187 07
Studs and Jacks, Capital in Trade, Marriage License, Pistols and Knives,	7 50 27 33 25 46 25	Acres Land, 164,805 Valuation Land, \$330,595 Town Property, STATE TAXES.	
Dirks and Canes, Gold Watches, Silver Watches, Harp.	1 30 106 25 24 90	Land, Town Property, Polls,	\$495 89 151 91 705
Pianos, Plate and Jewelry, Riding Vehicles,	2 50 7 50 5 13 216 11	Interest, Dividend and Profit, Mortgages and Deeds, Studs and Jacks,	167 48 23 08 12 6
Merchants' Capital, Liquor Traffic, Pedlars, Retailers,	233 30 179 44 101 30	Capital in Negro Trade, Marriage License, Pistols and Knives, Gold Watches,	50 35 15 41 25
Taverns, Horse and Mule Drovers, Drugs and Medicines,	1 50 25 5	Silver Watches, Pianos, Riding Vehicles, Merchants' Capital,	16 80 13 50 38 90
COUNTY TAXES. Poor 8% cents per \$100 value real estate and	\$4,346 12	Liquor Traffic, Retailers, Taverns, Billiard Tables,	265 55 240 54 60 10 07
25 cents per poll, County Expenses, 10 do., and 30 do., Schools, 6% do., and 20 do.,	\$1,528 89 1,834 61 1,215 76	Natural Curiosities, Daguerreotypists, Privileged Voters,	250 20 10 4 50
Total amount, No 9.—BRUNSWICK COUNTY.	\$4, 579 26	Total amount,	\$ 2,598 15
Acres Land, 444,167 Valuation Land,		Poor, 5 cents per \$100 value real estate, and 5 cents per poll, County Expenses, 15 do., and 55 do., Schools, 10 do., and 15 do.,	\$286 43 1,423 30
Land, STATE TAXES. \$70,085 Lond, Town Property, Polls,	\$1,079 79 105 05	Total amount,	642 92 \$2,852 65
Dividend and Profit, Salaries and Fees.	1,130 60 80 80 45 44 50	No. 15.—CASWELL COUNTY. CHRISTIAN STRADER, Sheriff. Acres Land, 262,005 Valuation Land, \$1,589,443	
Mortgages and Deeds, Studs and Jacks, Marriage License, Gates and Bridges,	16 24 28 5	Town Property, STATE TAXES. \$156,630 Land, Town Property.	\$2,396 04 234 95
Pistols and Knives, Dirks and Canes, Gold Watches, Silver Watches,	83 75 65 83 75 28 50	Polls, Interest, Dividend and Profit.	2,505 1,712 19 48 29
Harps, Pianos, Plate and Jewelry, Riding Vehicles,	5 6 15 18	Salaries and Fees, Mortgages and Deeds, Studs and Jacks, Capital in Negro Trade,	200 86 24 82 346 24
Merchants' Capital, Liquor Traffic, 1 Retailers,	108 55 55 47 122 48 130	Capital in other Trade, Marriage License, Pistols and Knives, Dirks and Canes,	158 54 24 28 75 2 60
Privileged Voters, Subjects unlisted, Total amount,	80 79 \$3,236 80	Gold Watches, Silver Watches, Harps, Pianos,	202 50 51 60 2 50
Poor, 6 cents per \$100 value real estate, and 25 cents per poll,	\$1047 47	Plate and Jewelry, Riding Vehicles, Playing Cards, Merchants' Capital,	88 50 26 32 56 28 31 50
County Expenses, 14 do., and 36 do., Schools, 6 do., and 11 do., Total amount,	1,935 34 728 55	Liquor Traffic, Retailers, Horse and Mule Drovers,	658 03 188 67 210 22 50
No. 10.—BURKE COUNTY. JOSEPH BRITTAIN, Sheriff.	\$3,711 36	Lightning Rod Men, Daguerreotypists, Taverns, Silver headed Canes,	80 10 8 75
Acres Land, 193,476 Valuation Land, \$694,898 Town Property, \$85,150	311 112 13	Arrears for 1855, Total amount,	87 40 \$9,439
Town Property, Polls, Interest.	\$1,042 07 128 17 780 10	Poor, 8 cents per \$100 value real estate, and 20 cents per poll,	\$2,392 86
Salaries and Fees, Studs and Jacks, Marriage License, Gates and Bridges.	418 08 51 60 84	County Expenses, 19 do., and 41 do., Schools, 6 do., and 18 do., Total amount,	5,359 84 1,944 04 \$9,696 24
Pistols and Knives, Gold Watches, Silver Watches, Pianos.	15 6 25 62 55 8 70	No. 16.—CATAWBA COUNTY. JONAS CLINE, Sheriff. 255,755	
Plate and Jewelry, Riding Vehicles, Merchants' Capital.	24 15 75 18 178 87	Valuation Land, \$1,119,855 Town Property, \$36,066	
Liquor Traffic, Pedlars, Retailers, Taverns,	50 26 60 70 18	Town Property, Polls, Interest, Dividend and Profit,	\$1,679 77 54 10 810 50 442 48
Bowling Alley, Auctioneers, Patent Medicines, Privileged Voters.	2 06 2 10	Salaries and Fees, Mortgages and Deeds, Studs and Jacks,	18 18 120
Collateral Descent, Total amount,	517 72 \$8,622 01	Gates and Bridges, Pistols and Knives, Gold Watches.	11
County Expenses, including School Tax,	2,131 61	Silver Watches, Pianos, Riding Vehicles, Merchanta' Capital	21 60 7 50 134 15
No. 11.—CABABRUS COUNTY. M. M. PLUMENT, Sheriff. 218,843 tion Land, \$1,554,247	44	Taverns, Liquor Traffic, Drugs and Medicines, Daguerrectypists.	8 63 17 50 10
Operty, \$127,865	\$2,849 59	Collateral Descent	10

1100 - 10 120 11

County Expenses, \$915.54 on real estate, and \$244.65 on polls, Schools 2011 \$1,160 19 964 20 \$2,124 89 No. 17 .- CHATHAM COUNTY. R. B. PASCHALL, Sheriff. Valuation Land, \$1,859,981 Tewn Property, STATE TAXES. \$2,834 97 Town Property, Interest. Salaries and Fees, Mortgages and Deeds, Studs and Jacks, Capital in Trade, Marriage License, Gates, Bridges and Ferries, Pistols and Kives, Gold Watches, Silver Watches, Pianos, Plate and Jewelry, Riding Vehicles, Playing Cards, Merchants' Capital, 18 Liquor Traffic, Retailers, Taverns, Circus, Billiard Tables, Drugs and Medicines, 125 Livery Stables, Total amount COUNTY TAXES. Poor, 7 cents per \$100 value real estate, and 25 cents per poll, County Expenses, 20 do., and 45 do., Schools, 3 do., and 15 do., Total amount, No. 18.-CHEROKEE COUNTY. Acres Land, \$494,748 Valuation Land Town Property, STATE TAXES. Town Property, Interest, Dividend and Profit, Salaries and Fees, Mortgages and Deeds Studs and Jacks, Marriage License, Pistols and Knives, Gold Watches, Silver Watches, Riding Vehicles, Merchants' Capital Pedlars, Taverns, Drugs and Medicines. Daguerreotypists, Distress, Privileged Voters, County Expenses Total amount, \$2,228 ALCOHOL AS A MEDICINE. PHYSICIANS OF THE UNITED STATES. WOLFE'S CELEBRATED SCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS.

A Medicinal Diet Drink, of eminently salutary qualities, manufactured by himself exclusively, at his factory at Schiedam, in Holland. It is made from the best Barley that can be selected in

Europe, with the essence of an aromatic Italian berry of acknowledged and extraordinary medicinal properties. It has long since acquired a higher reputation, both in Europe and America, than any other diurectic beverage. In Gravel, Gout, and Rheumatism, in Obstructions of the

Bladder and Kidneys, and in general Debility, its effects are prompt, decided, and invariably reliable. And it is not only a remedy for these maladies, but, in all cases in which they are produced by drinking bad water, which is almost universally the cause of them, it operates as a sure pre

The distressing effect upon the stomach, bowels and bladder, of travellers, or new residents, and all persons unac customed to them, produced by the waters of nearly all our great inland rivers, like the Ohio, Mississippi, and Alabama from the large quantity of decayed vegetable matter contained in them, in a state of solution, is well known, as also that of the waters of limestone regions, in producing Gravel, Calculi, and Stone in the Bladder. The AROMATIC SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS is an absolute corrective of these injurious properties of bad water, and consequently prevents the diseases which they occasion. It is also found to be a cure and preventive of Fever and Ague, a complaint caused by the conjoint effect of a vegetable malaria in the atmosphere, and vegetable putrescences in the waters of those districts in which it principally prevails. The AROMATIC Schiedam Schnapps is consequently in great demand by persons travelling, or about to settle in those parts of the country, especially, as well as by many in every community where it has become known, on account of its various other remedial properties.

In all cases of dropsical tendency, it is generally the only remedy required, when adopted in the early stages of the disease. In Dyspepsia maladies, when taken in proper quantities, as a diet drink, and especially at dinner, it is found, by uniform experience, to be eminently efficacious in the most obstinate cases, when even the best of the usual remedies have failed to afford more than temporary relief. In cases of Flatulency, it is an immediate and invariable specific; and it may be administered in diluted and proportionate quantities, even to young infants, in all those paroxisms of griping pain in the stomach and bowels to which they are especially subject, as well as in the colic of grown persons.

Its judicious adoption in connection with the principal meals, or when a sense of exhaustion dictates its use, never fails to relieve the debility attendant upon protracted chronic maladies, low temperament, and exhausted vital energy, by whatever cause induced. These are facts to which many of the most emineut medical men both in Europe and the United States, have borne testimony, and which are corroborated by their highest written authorities. Put up in quart and pint bottles, in cases of one dozen each, with my name on the bottle, cork, and fac simile of my signature on the label. For sale by all the respectable Druggists and Grocers in the United States.

UDOLPHO WOLFE, Sole Importer, 22 Beaver Street, New York. CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC. The word Schiedam Schnapps, belongs exclusively to my medicinal beverage, all others is counterfeit and imposition on the public.

UDOLPHO WOLFE. STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.—WAKE COUNTY.—In Equity.—Joseph Weireman vs. Penelope Smith, Mary Ann Smith, William H. Winder, A. V.

Parsons, Executor of James Hepburn, deceased, Henry W. Miller, and the Heron Mining Company.

Whereas, on the 24th day of Sept. 1857, Joseph Weireman filed his bill of complaint in our Court of Equity for the County of Wke, against the defendants above named, to be relieved conerning the grievances in said bill fully set forth: and whereas, at Fall Term, 1857, it was made to appear to the satisfaction of the Honorable the Judge of our said Court, that William H. Winder and A. V. arsons, nes Hepburn, dec

the State of North-Carolina. This, therefore, is to notify the said William H. Winder, and the said A. V. Parsons, and each of them, wherever they may be, to be and appear at the next Term of our said Court, to be held at the Court House in Raleigh, on the first Monday after the fourth Monday of March next, then and there to answer the bill aforesaid, or the same will be taken pro confesso as to them, and a deeree made accordingly.

Given under my hand, at office, this 14th of Dec., 1857.

ED. GRAHAM HAYWOOD, C. & M. in E.

(Pr. \$10)

112-w&sw6w. COUNTY.—In Equity.—James Carpenter, Henderson, N. Hodge and his wife Francis H. Hodge, and Woodson Carpenter, an infant, by his Guardian Henry Horton vs. Jno. W. Carpenter, Reuben Carpenter, and Willie Whitley and his wife Sarah Whitley.—Petition to sell land.

Whereas, it has been made to appear to the Honorable. Whereas, it has been made to appear to the Honorable the Judge of the Court of Equity for the County of Wake, at the Fall Term, A. D., 1857, that John W. Carpenter, Reuben Carpenter, and Willie Whitley and his wife Sarah Whitley, are non-residents of the State of North-Carolina.

This, therefore, is to notify the said defendants, and each This, therefore, is to notify the said defendants, and each of them, to be and appear at the next Term of our said Court, to be held at the Court House in Raleigh, on the first Monday after the fourth Monday of March next, then and there to answer the Petition of the plaintiffs aforesaid, filed against them for a sale of certain Real Estate and a division of the proceeds; or the said Petition will be taken pro confesso as to them, or such of them as do not answer, and the cause set down for hearing Ec-Parte.

Given under my hand, at office, this 14th of Dec., 1857.

ED. GRAHAM HAYWOOD, C. & M. in E.

(Pr. \$10)

112—w&sw6w.

\$3,980 26

May -Gill

For the Standard. THE BLACK MOUNTAIN AGAIN.

MESSES, EDITORS: Mr. Clingman, by a criticism of Dr. Mitchell's description of his visit to the Black Mountain in 1844, and by the help of William Riddle's testimony, concludes that Dr. Mitchell was not on the highest peak in 1844. Why, then, should he complain when Dr. Mitchell's friends, by a criticism of what he wrote in 1835, and by the help of William Wilson's testimony, conclude that he was on the highest peak in 1835? At most they but follow his example in correcting the impressions on Dr. Mitchell's own mind. Mr. Clingman does not pretend that he "stultifies" Dr. M. by his course. Why is that course not as respectful in them? In 1835 Dr. Mitchell selected as the highest peak of the Black Mt. one that lies between a double knob on its north and a long low place with a knob in it on its south. Does any one deny that the highest peak was so situated in 1855? He then induced Adoniram Allen and William Wilson to take him to that peak which William Wilson saw him select as the highest. Does any one testify that William Wilson did not know the way to that place? or that he is a man capable of guiding a stranger in his country to one place while he professed to guide him to another? He testified to Mr. Clingman last Spring, when neither Mr. Broyles nor any other "counsel" was present. Why does not Mr. Clingman tell us what Mr. Wilson insisted on then in Mr. C's own presence? Can Mr. Clingman prove that he was on Mt. Mitchell, the elder, in 1855, by any better testimony than is to be had for Dr. Mitchell's visit in 1835?— Was not then Dr. Mitchell judicious in his mode of selecting, and in his plan for ascending the highest peak in 1835? Now, was he successful in his plan? At first he said he was, and he described the place he visited in the only way then known to his guides, viz: as a peak lying between the north and middle forks of Caney River. William Wilson says he has never heard any one call the Cat-tail the North fork. Does William Wilson speak the truth? Afterwards Dr. Mitchell said he failed in his first visit. When was he right, in 1835 or in 1844? Mr. Clingman insists that it will not do to take Dr. Mitchell's word as to where he has been. Adoniram Allen, and William Wilson, and Thomas Wilson, and Samuel Austin, and Nathaniel Allen, men raised in and near the valley of Caney River, say that Dr. Mitchell was right in 1885. Dr. Mitchell, who was in that country at only two or three hurried trips, said he was right in 1844. Had Dr. M's standard barometer hung at Morganton in 1844 as it did in 1835 we would never have heard of the suspicions he seems to have indulged in the interim. The discrepancy between 6476 and 6672, and a want of consultation with his guides of 1835 were the true reasons for the variations in his conclusions. If Mr. Clingman is so anxious that Dr. Mitchell shall be believed as to his later statements about the visit of 1835 why does he not advocate credence for him also in his declaration, made in 1856?-" I stood upon it (the highest peak) some days since, and could there distinguish the ridges over which my guide, William Riddle, taking as nearly as he could a straight, or as it happened, a diagthe Green Ponds, led me girectly to the pent of were in search of." If Mr. Clingman loves the truth so disinterestedly as to be unable to let this statement stand, and to be able to upset it by testimony tirely independent of Dr. Mitchell's, why may not others correct one of Dr. Mitchell's reports by another of his own, and still be as free from "stultification" of the learned and deeply deplored Professor as is Mr. Clingman? As to the discrepancies between Dr. Mitchell's va-

rious measurements, and Mr. Clingman's inference that no one of them is worthy of credence, those who know about such things will be very little affected by all that is paraded on this point. Let any one turn into any well furnished bookstore and he will find 6226, 6234, 6428, and 6620 given by different authorities as the proper number for the height of Mt. Washington, Mt. Mitchell's great rival. Scientific observers never publish the results of one observation when they can make several and get the mean among them. Dr. Mitchell seldom had time for more than one observation at the peaks he visited in 1835. Some of such observations may be verified by subsequent researches. Others may be established. Dr. Mitchell's height for Mt. Mitchell is one of the latter. Long's Peak, in the Rocky Mountains, is reported to be 12000 feet high. When more careful measurements hereafter show this number to be 200 or 300 feet out of the way, are we going to change the name of the peak or denounce Long as a sciolist in science or as a bungler in measures?

As to the application of the quotation from Dr. Mitchell's letter of 1844, in which Mr. C. so elegantly gives me the choice of being either a liar or a fool, a few words will suffice. I wanted to establish that Dr. Mitchell heard the highest peak of the Black Mt. called Mr. Mitchell in 1844. To this end I cited his words, viz: "I shall probably now reach the highest summit. I did not think that the name of Mitchell which some had affixed to it would adhere; but I now begin to think it will," &c. If any one of Mr. Lovejoy's boys will say that the "it" of this second sentence does not refer to the "highest summit" of the first, he ought to be trounced on the spot. Dr. Mitchell knew that "the highest summit" had been named Mt. Mitchell at least as early as 1839. That he should hear it so called in 1844 therefore occasioned no surprise. Had Dr. Mitchell gone with the "young fellow" to the "neighboring hill" he might not have seen "the highest summit" lying between "the double knob" and the "long low place." Nevertheless, the "young fellow" believed that he could show it, and Dr. Mitchell believed so too. This is all I need to establish my point. Now for another proof that my interpretation of this letter is not that of a fool nor yet that of a liar, -a proof that has come to my hands since my letter of Dec. 18th. I have now before me a facsimile of the map of a survey made by N. Blackstocks in 1845 for President Swain and others. Of the surveying party, Squire Blackstocks, his son, and J. Hardy were from Buncombe, and Messrs, Westall and Augee were from Yancey. The line they ran passed over the "double knob"—the knob in the "long low place"-and the famous intervening highest peak. Mr. Blackstocks in 1845 knew this peak as "Mitchell's highest point," and so he marked it in his map. What is now called Mt. Gibbs, he marked "Mitchell's knob, level found," and what is the southern Mt. Mitchell is on this map "Party knob." The date before me is June 2d 1845. Whether Mr. Clingman has ever seen this map, and how long since, it is for him to say. A Buncombe man then gives us here good evidence as to the right of the "young fellow" at Solomon Carter's to call the "highest summit" of the Black, "Mt. Mitchell." Mr. Blackstock's name of "Mitchell's knob" did not "adhere." Still this name on this map shows that the writer in the Raleigh Register of Sept. 2d, of whom Mr. Clingman complained in his letter of Sept. 12, had old as well as good authority for declaring that there were two Mt. Mitchell's on the Black Mt. Did Squire Blackstocks put down "Mitchell's knob" because of the "level found?" As to Mr. Clingman's protecting Mr. Cooke from my threatened interference with the sale of his map,

any one that knows the friendly intercourse that has subsisted between Mr. Cooke and myself for several years will smile at Mr. Clingman's thinking my kindly intended information was a threat. Cooke is an enterprising man and deserves encouragement in his public spirit. As far as in me lay I have tried to promote the sale of his valuable map, and I shall continue to do so, for I believe him when he says "I shall try to do what is right."

I have shown how and when the name of "Mt. Mitchell" was attached to the peak visited in 1835, and how it has become so widely disseminated .-What is the origin of the name at the southern end of the Black Mt. is yet a mystery. The earliest sign of it in that section, that I have seen, is on this map of Squire Blackstocks. Yet there it is not where it is now. If this be the earliest that any one can discover, it is later in its claims for notoriety than the other by ten years. This date for this name in this place (1845) agrees well with what William Wilson testifies, viz: "The peak we visited in 1835 was generally called by the whole country Mt. Mitchell, until Dr. Mitchell's second visit, when some persons transferred his name to another peak." Now, then, Messrs. Editors, whose name for this highest peak shall remain; that of the Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution of Washington, or that of the President of the University of North-Carolina?—that given in 1835 by the good people who dwell on Caney River and Toe River in N. C., or that given in 1855 by the good people who dwell on Potomac River and Tiber creek in D. C.?

Jan. 18, 1858. CHARLES PHILLIPS.

Democratic Meeting in Buncombe. At a mass meeting of the Democracy of Buncombe County, held in the Court House in Asheville, on

the 12th January, 1858. The meeting was organized by the appointment of Capt. W. R. Murray, as Chairman, and P. Isreal, as

The object of the meeting was explained by M. Erwin, Esq., in a few felicitous remarks, after which on motion of Col. W. M. Hardy, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the issues of State policy, now depending, have assumed a character of that importance to our people, never before presented in the history of the State.

Resolved, That the life and blood of these issues are, Rail way facilities, and the speedy extension of our State rail-way system to the line of Tennessee. Resolved. That on these depend all our vital interests, and future prosperity.

Resolved, That the policy which has induced the

State Government to set on foot a general system of internal improvements, by State aid, after individual enterprise had been found insufficient, is wise, statesmanlike, and worthy of a great commonwealth. Resolved, That in the prosecution of such a general scheme, the time in which the work should be

pushed to completion should be regulated with an eye to the progress of competing lines in other States. Resolved, That we congratulate our fellow-citizens, East of the mountains, that under the operation of this "general system," its incalculable benefits have already been, to a great degree, extended to them. Resolved, That common justice demands, that the benefits which have thus, with our assistance, been extended to all other portions of the State, should now, with the assistance of all other portions, be ex-

Resolved, That as citizens of the mountain section, we would most solemnly protest against the legislation which has left us alone, deprived of the benefits, or the reasonably speedy prospect of the benefits, which all others have thus derived; and as North Carolinians we do most solemnly protest against the unwise, narrow and short sighted policy which by our delay, permitted ourselves to be forestalled by rival lines of other States on the North and upon the South, have put to eternal hazard the eventual prosperity of our own works, when completed.

Resolved, That we hold it to be a self-evident truth, that every people have a right to construct their own improvements with their own means; the violation of such right is not only a fundamental error, unworthy of our enlightened age, but is gross usurpation and oppression towards those who are its victims: and that the violation of this principle by the Legislature of North Carolina, in its action with regard to the charter of the "Greenville and French Broad Rail Road Company," deliberately retaining therein resolutions deliberately calculated to desttoyan enterprise of such vital importance to so many citizens, is a piece of capricious and short sighted oppression at which we are alike ashamed and in-

Resolved, That the delegates hereinafter appointed, are hereby instructed to specially appeal, (an tice and enlightenment of our democratic brethren throughout the State, in convention assembled, on these subjects, and, in a spirit of fairness and conciliation, but with the firmness demanded by importance of the rights and interests involved, to adopt such a course as may seem to them most proper and effectual to secure the objects of the foregoing resolutions, through the action, and under the guarantees of said Convention.

Resolved, That the Democracy of Buncombe, as one man, heartily approve and support the democratic administration of President Buchanan; and that especially his wise and patriotic position on the Kansas Constitutional question, merits the applause and should receive the unflinching support of the undivided South, and of national men everywhere. Resolved. That without disparaging the just claims of any of the many democrats in the State worthy of the office, we take occasion to express our preference for W. W. Avery, of Burke, as our first choice for Governor, and as a nomination eminently worthy of and acceptable to the party throughout the State.

Resolved, That the Chairman of this meeting be requested to appoint 35 delegates to represent Buncombe County in the approaching Democratic State Convention, and that in the event none of them attend, Dr. John A. Dickson, of Burke, and such other proxies as the Chairman, (who is hereby authorized therefor,) may appoint as proxies, or either of them are requested to represent us as delegates. In pursuance of the last resolution, the Chairman

appointed the following delegates, viz. Dr. J. F. E. Hardy, Dr. W. L. Hilliard, Jackson Shipman, Henry Wasson, Lambert Clayton, Abner Merrill, J. W. Wells, W. D. Jones, Jos. Cole, M. L. Neilson, W. M. Hardy, J. S. T. Baird, Marcus Erwin, T. T. Patton, Thos. Foster, Sol. Hampton, Wm. Morgan, J. T. Morgan, Wm. Rabun, David Coleman, T. W. Atkin, J. R. Weaver, Noah Morgan, J. G. D. Garrison, Sol. Carter, Jos. McKinney, Chas. M. Roberts, A. G. Anderson, R. P. Wells, B. F. Wells, Wm. Stepp, Fred. Burnett, David Blackwell, Sam. W. Davidson, Dan. Reynolds. On motion, the Chairman and Secretary of this

meeting were added to the list of delegates.

On motion the meeting adjourned. W. R. MURRAY, Ch'n. P. ISREAL, Sec'y.

Democratic Meeting in Anson. At a Democratic meeting, held in pursuance of public notice, in the town of Wadesboro', N. C. for

he purpose of appointing delegates to the Democratic State Convention, to nominate a candidate for Governor, H. T. Knotts, Esq., was on motion called to the chair, and Geo. A. Smith, Esq., was appointed Secretary. On motion, a Committee, consisting of W. C. Wat-

kins, W. W. Tapscott, and Capt. Sherwood Rushing, was appointed to prepare business for the meeting. The Committee, having retired for consultation, returned and reported the following resolutions which were separately taken, and, after amendments by the meeting, unanimously adopted :

Resolved, That we congratulate the South and the whole Union, upon the firmness and constitutional patriotism with which the President of the United States has met every issue presented to him.

Resolved, That as James Buchanan has shown determination to be true to the Constitution on all questions coming before him, exerting all the power e possesses to maintain the just rights of all sections, it becomes the duty of all national men to strengthen his hands, by extending to him an efficiency support.

Resolved, That the willingness manifested by our opponents, in this State, to follow a mercenary leader, on a broken-down hobby, is conclusive evidence that they seek more to infuse vitality into the Know-Nothing humbug than to promote correct principles.

Resolved, That we repose entire confidence in our

Democratic representatives in Congress; and that so long as North Carolina is thus represented, our rights and interests will be preserved. Resolved, That in Gov. Bragg, whose wise and

faithful discharge of the duties of his exalted posion has secured the admiration of all, we recognize a pure patriot and an able statesman. Resolved, That the friends of the State and Na-tional Administrations, residing in Anson county,

be represented in the Democratic State Convention; and that the Chairman appoint a delegation of forty to represent us therein. The Chairman appointed the following: H. B. Hammond, W. W. Tapscott, W. H. Kirby, S. Rushing, N. M. Hubbard, W. I. White, Col. J.

White, David Carpenter, F. A. Clark, B. F. Gains, A. C. Ingram, J. E. Bonnoit, C. Birmingham, J. Klutts, H. A. Crawford, L. D. Bennett, V S. Garrett, J. B. George, Joseph Medly, B. F. Medley, Dr. W. Harlee, T. J. Ingram, Joel Tyson, N. Harrington, Dr. C. Watkins, W. C. Watkins, J. H. Watkins, J. Watkins, H. Marshall, J. C. Beeman, M. T. Ballard, Dr. McGrigger, James Grimsley, H. B. Billingsby, Joel Rushing, T. C. Streeter, Atlas Jowers, James Carter, Wm. Shadding, and E. L. Carpenter. On motion, the Chairman and Secretary were added to the list.

Resolved, That while we take pleasure in recommending the Hon, J. W. Ellis, as our first choice, we will most cheerfully abide the decision of the Convention, pledging ourselves to give our undivi-ded and enthusiastic support to any pure man that may be chosen by the Convention.

Resolved, That we are uncompromisingly opposed to the distribution of the proceeds of the public tory of Utah.

lands, they being the common property of all the States; and that they should not be diverted from the purpose for which they were ceded.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting

be published in the N. C. Standard, the Western Democrat, the Republican Banner, the Winston Sentinel, the Asheville News, the Pee Dee Herald, and in all the papers of North Carolina favorable to the cause we seek to promote. II. T. KNOTTS, Ch'mn.

G. A. SMITH, Secretary.

Democratic Meeting in Lincoln County, At a meeting of a portion of the democratic party of Lincoln county, held at the Court House in Lincolnton, on Tuesday the 12th inst., Gen. David Seagle was called to the chair, and W. M. Reinhardt requested to act as Secretary. The object of the meeting being explained, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, The Democratic party of Lincoln county desire to be represented in the Convention which is to nominate a candidate for Governor,

Resolved, That the Chairman of this meeting appoint one hundred delegates to represent us in said Convention. Resolved, That we still adhere to the principles of the democratic party, as embodied in the Baltimore

and Cincinnati platforms, and that we heartily endorse the administration of Mr. Buchanan as representing those great principles. Resolved, That the distribution of the proceeds of the sales of the Public Lands is antagonistic to the

principles of the democratic party-that it is unconstitutional and impracticable. Resolved, That we recognize no such anomaly as

a Distribution Democrat. Resolved, That the system of internal improvements already commenced in North Carolina should be completed; that the State has the ability under

prudent management to do so. Resolved, That Governor Bragg is entitled to the thanks of the people of North Carolina for the able and faithful manner in which he has discharged the duties of his office, and that upon his retiring he will have the hearty "Well done, thou good and

faithful servant," of every patriotic citizen. Resolved, That the Hon John W. Ellis, of Rowan county, by his talents, integrity, patriotism, and devotion to the welfare and dignity of the State, is eminently worthy of the nomination of the Convention, and that we respectfully suggest his name to their consideration for the high office; yet we pledge our hearty support to any true democrat who may be

the nominee of said Convention. The following are the delegates appointed under 1st resolution:

A. Costner, A. P. Cansler, David Seagle, Wm. J. Hoke, David Sumrow, Dan'l Hoke, Rob't Blackburn Thos. Thompson, Isaac Lowe, Thos. Rozzell, Dr. J. M. Richardson, Soleman Rudasill, Philp Plunk David Coon, Pinckney Shitle, Peter Baxter, John Beam, Jr. Wm. S. McCoy, B. F. Withers, Aaron Goodson, James Sumrow, Jacob Halderman, Wm. Linehardt, L. H. Kistler, A. W. Detler, Alfred Yoder, L. Ferrer, Wm. McCaslin, Alfred McCaslin, Michael Carpenter, Cephas Quickel, Absolem Wood, George Coon, Logan Laurance, John F. Hoke, Jas. H. Mc-Call, R. Henry Asbury, David Dillenger, Rich'd Burch, T. T. Slade, Jacob Hoke, Henry Cansler, J. A. Ramsour, John Hoover, Thos. Bess, Geo. Wacoster, John F. Mullen, R R. Summey, Jos. Shelton, Lauson Keener, H. W. Abernathy, Jacob Linehardt, W. R. Clark, Henry Schrom, J. C. Jenkins, Noah Sumrow, Lauson Hill, John Wood, Joseph Stamey, James Seagle, G. W. Seagle, Wm. H. Hull, Geo. W. Hull, W. W. Munday, J. W. Lowe, Wm. Lander, Henderson Howard, James Bryant, F. J. Jelton, W. Slade, John A. Huss J. P. Cansler, Lewis Dellinger, Jones Carpenter, Franklin Beam, David Crouse, Alfred Hullman, J. B. Smith, Jonas Derr, Andrew Killian, J. A. Killian Lewis Keener, Soloman Dellinger, Abram Hofner, Philip Carpenter, John Save R. F. Hoke, L. E. Thompson, Chris. Beal, Soloman Shrom, Daniel Yoder, Dr. M. S. Brown, Absolem Brown, D. Huss, Jonas Pasour, J. Besnner and D.

A. Lowe. On motion, the Chairman and Secretary were added to the list of delegates.

DAVID SEAGLE, Ch'n.

W. M. REINHARDT, Sec'y.

For the Standard. Messes. Editors :- I approve heartily the plan of our merchants in adopting the six months credit system it will be better for merchant and dealer; but all other credits ought to be made to conform, Negroes should be hired, with the expressed understanding that half the amount of the hire is due at the end of six months from the date of the note .-But my object in writing this was to call upon the merchants to do one more right act, for the benefit of themselves and the community. It is this, let the chairman of the late meeting, call another meeting to take into consideration the propriety of all bands staying at home next spring, and if they agree not to go North, let there be a written agreement to that effect, binding each not to order any article of merchandise, except sugar, tea, coffee, iron and salt; the effect of this would be felt for good for years to come. Apart from any consideration of the amount of goods here, it is notorious that the stocks North will be short and high priced; it is useless to discuss the propriety of the matter, and I will therefore suggest a simple act of protection to the merchants against "cheap Johns," that might be disposed to come in with their goods. First let the Commissioners

munity, by opening a dry goods store in our City, in the face of such an ordinance, and against the public policy of the community. It seems to me nothing ought to be wanted but to tart the project, for its successful adoption. So merchants look to your interest, collect your debts, sell your old goods, take an inventory of your stocks, see how you stand, and go North next fall with cash to buy your goods, and my word for it, you and

of the City prohibit any more dry goods stores, or

lay a tax of \$1,000, upon any new merchant that

opens before the 1st day of October next. This may

be thought unfair, and it may be unlawful, but no

merchant from a distance would dare brave the pub-

lic welfare, and the expressed wishes of the com-

your dealers will be better off. NOT A MERCHANT. Raleigh, Jan. 1858.

HARKEN FOR THE SOUND .- As the whig party raised the cry for Gen. Dockery that he was a "Pee Dee Wagoner," so will proclamation be made for Walter F. Leak that he is "a plain farmer." Farmers are deserving people, and are entitled to more praise than they get, but if they don't happen to advocate the right principles, the mere fact of being farmers cannot carry them into power. The oppo-sition need not expect to gain the support of the honest yeomanry of the State for Mr. Leak by styling him a farmer. They cannot be honey-fuggled in that way. Farmers will vote against a brother farmer, if his principles don't suit them, as readily as

they will against a lawyer, mechanic or doctor. It is true, Mr. Leak is a farmer, and we guess he has made more money at farming than he could at anything else, but we never heard of his doing anything for North Carolina-we never heard of his subscribing anything for internal improvements, even when solicited to aid a work which would greatly benefit his less wealthy neighbors. In fact, his favors have generally been bestowed on a sister

State. Mr. Leak is unwilling to expend a little of his large accumulations for the benefit of old North Carolina, but he is very ready to join in the grab game, and take from the general government that to which he has no right, in order to save his own pockets. A thirst for office will make some men very patriotic.-Char. Dem.

CONFIRMATIONS BY THE SENATE. - Beverly L. Clarke, of Kentucky, appointed minister resident of the United States to the republic of Guatemala; to be also minister resident of the United States to the republic of Honduras, pursuant to the 9th section of the act of Congress of the 18th of August, 1856, entitled "An act to regulate the deplomatic and con-

sular system of the United States." Fayette McMullin, of Virginia, governor of Washington Territory.

Abraham Rencher, of North-Carolina, governor of the Territory of New Mexico. Alfred Cumming, of Missouri, governor of the Ter-

ritory of Utah. John Hartnett, of Missouri, secretary of the Terri-